



MULTI-MATERIAL STEWARDSHIP WESTERN MATERIAL LIST

Definitions

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Definitions

What is Printed Paper?

For the purposes of producer obligation and reporting under the MMSW Program Plan, Printed Paper is defined as: paper of any description including flyers, brochures, booklets, catalogues, telephone directories, newspapers, magazines, paper fibre and paper used for copying, writing or any other general use. Excluded are paper products that by virtue of their anticipated use could become unsafe or unsanitary to recycle or any type of bound book.

In order to provide stewards with more specificity around the definition of printed paper and for the purposes of harmonization across programs the printed paper category is defined as: paper, regardless of its cellulosic fibre source including but not limited to: wood, wheat, rice, cotton, bananas, eucalyptus, bamboo, hemp and sugar cane (bagasse) fibre sources.

Included in this category (but not limited to) the following types of paper products: newspapers, brochures, receipts, catalogues, flyers, customer statements, magazines and telephone directories. Bound reference books, bound literary books, bound text books or paper which will be unsafe or unsanitary to recycle such as paper towel or toilet paper are excluded from all programs.

What is Packaging?

For the purposes of producer obligation and reporting under the MMSW Program Plan, Packaging is defined as:

- a) Primary packaging ie/packaging that contains the product at the point of sale to the residential consumer In order to provide stewards with more specificity around the definition of packaging and for the purposes of harmonization across programs, obligated packaging is hereafter defined as
- b) Grouped packaging or secondary packaging that goes to the household

- c) Transportation, distribution or tertiary packaging that goes to the household
- d) Service packaging designed and intended to be filled at the point of sale and disposable items sold, filled or designed and intended to be filled at the point of sale
- e) Packaging components and ancillary elements integrated into packaging, including ancillary elements directly hung or attached to a product which performs a packaging function unless they are an integral part of the product and all elements are intended to be consumed or disposed of together

In order to provide stewards with more specificity around the definition of packaging and for the purposes of harmonization across programs, obligated packaging is hereafter defined as:

Packaging that accompanies consumer goods which are meant for purchase by residential consumers, are likely to enter the home and ultimately be managed by residential municipal waste management systems. This would include:

- a material or substance (such as, but not exclusively, glass, metal, paper, boxboard, cardboard, textile, paper fibre or plastic, or any combination of those materials) that is used to protect, contain, transport a product to a residential consumer;
- grouped or secondary packaging that goes to the household, such as the plastic wrap around a case of water bottles;
- packaging used in the transport of mail order items that are delivered directly to a consumer's home.

● Stewards should refer to the definition of each material category when determining under which category the printed paper or packaging should be reported. Examples provided under each material reporting category are provided for illustrative purposes only and should not be used to definitively establish the correct reporting category.

Printed Paper

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Newspapers	✓	<p>Examples: Newspaper publications with or without a glossy cover and published for quick consumption.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Plastic film used to protect newspaper should be reported as either LDPE/HDPE Film; PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic Film; or as Plastic Laminates-Non beverage if made from any other film. Newspaper used as a product packaging should be reported as Boxboard and Other Paper Packaging.</p>
Newsprint - inserts and circulars	✓	<p>Examples: Park guides, auto publications, real estate supplements and product manuals printed on newsprint.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Stewards should report film contained around newsprint for protection as either LDPE/HDPE Film; PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic Film; or as Plastic Laminates - Non-Beverage if made from any other film. Newsprint used as product packaging should be reported as Boxboard and Other Paper Packaging.</p>
Magazines	✓	<p>Definition: Bound periodicals, whether the paper is coated, glossy/non-glossy, which typically includes mastheads.</p> <p>Examples: Includes daily/weekly/monthly or annual magazines and travel or promotional magazines.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Stewards should report film contained around catalogues for protection as either LDPE/HDPE Film; PLA, PHA, PHB-Plastic Film; or as Plastic Laminates-Non-Beverage if made from any other film.</p>
Catalogues	✓	<p>Definition: Bound paper, whether the paper is coated, glossy/non-glossy.</p> <p>Examples: Retailer product catalogues, bound promotional documents containing product lists, coupon books automotive and real estate guides/catalogues (if not printed on newsprint).</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Stewards should report film contained around catalogues for protection as either LDPE/HDPE Film; PLA, PHA, PHB-Plastic Film; or as Plastic Laminates - Non-Beverage if made from any other film. Report catalogues printed on newsprint as Newsprint Inserts & Circulars. Report bound product manuals as Other Printed Paper. Report bound product manuals printed on newsprint as Newsprint (Inserts and Circulars). Report bound printed directories that include business or residential contact information under Directories</p>
Directories	✓	<p>Definition: Printed bound directories, whether printed on newsprint, glossy/non-glossy paper of residential and/or business contact information such as telephone numbers, postal codes and websites.</p> <p>Examples: Phone books.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Excludes other types of bound reference books.</p>
Paper for General Use	✓	<p>Definition: Paper that is used for copying, writing or any other general use.</p> <p>Examples: Loose-leaf paper purchased for use in home printers, blank, graph or ruled notebooks and notepads, sketchpads, colouring books, activity work-books, paper wrapping paper, construction and craft paper</p>
Purchased Posters, Calendars, Greeting Cards and Envelopes	✓	<p>Definition: Purchased posters, calendars, greeting cards & blank envelopes: printed paper sold as products.</p> <p>Examples: Posters, calendars, greeting cards, blank envelopes purchased individually or in bulk.</p> <p>Reporting Tip: Promotional/ complimentary posters, calendars, greeting cards and envelopes should be reported as Other Printed Materials.</p>

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Other Printed Materials		<p>Definition: All other printed paper/material that is not included in the printed paper categories above.</p> <p>Examples: Blank and printed envelopes distributed to the residential consumer; promotional cards sent to the residential consumer; free promotional calendars and posters; promotional inserts within or outside envelopes; printed information found within packaged products (such as assembly instructions, user guides, promotional information, warranty cards, product safety information, coupons); annual policy information including policy documents and statements; monthly, quarterly or annual statements; investment fund reports, fund prospectus, contracts, lottery tickets, scratch cards and fund raising tickets; cash register receipts, debit and credit card receipts, proof of purchases and other printed material provided at point of sale such as promotional post cards; statements and information inserts from banks, credit card companies and utility companies; information and forms distributed by municipal, regional, provincial and federal governments; transportation and transit schedules, HR related documents distributed to employees such as T4s.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Excludes soft or hard cover fiction, non-fiction books and bound textbooks sold as products to the residential consumer. Stewards should report film used for protection of printed materials as LDPE/HDPE Film; PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic Film, or as Plastic Laminates – Non-Beverage if made from any other film.</p> <p>Stewards must report loose-leaf paper purchased for home printers, blank or ruled notebooks, notepads and sketchpads as <u>Paper for General Use</u>. Purchased posters, calendars, greeting cards, blank envelopes purchased individually or in bulk need to be reported as <u>Purchased Posters, Calendars, Greeting Cards and Blank Envelopes</u>.</p>

Paper Packaging

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Gable Top Containers – Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	 For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Includes gable top and polycoated cartons used for infant formula, meal replacements and dietary supplements.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready to drink meal replacements and dietary supplement beverage.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
Gable Top Containers – Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: Includes gable top polycoated cartons used for non-beverage products</p> <p>Examples: Molasses, sugar cartons, confectionary products, laundry and cleaning products</p>
Aseptic Containers – Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	 For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Includes aseptic polycoated and foilized boxes and containers used for infant formula, meal replacements and dietary supplements.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report. Stewards should not report the actual straw on a milk box as it is a product that looks like packaging but serves no packaging function.</p>
Aseptic Containers – Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: Includes aseptic polycoated and foilized boxes and containers used for non-beverage products.</p> <p>Examples: Soup, sauces.</p>
Paper Laminates		<p>Definition: Includes laminated paper packaging where paper is the main component, along with either metalized foil/wax/plastic. The paper component represents the greatest percentage by weight.</p> <p>Examples: Fibre spiral wound containers (with plastic, aluminum, steel bottom and lid) for frozen juice, chips, cookie dough, coffee, nuts, non-foam paper drink cups (hot and cold), microwavable paper containers, wrappers, paper ice cream cartons, paper cups/bowls provided for soups, paper wrap packaging provided with food, such as sandwiches, burgers, or muffins, pet food bags, ice cream polycoat containers, laminated Kraft paper bags (not filled at point of sale) and laminated Kraft paper packaging.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Report laminated and non-laminated Kraft paper bags filled at point of sale in Kraft Paper Bags (Point of Sale).</p>
Kraft Paper Bags (Point of Sale)		<p>Definition: Laminated and non-laminated Kraft paper bags filled at point of sale.</p> <p>Examples: Laminated and non-laminated grocery bags, prescription bags, non-laminated paper take-out bags used for mushrooms or food delivery.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Report laminated Kraft paper bags not supplied at point of sale as Paper Laminates or, if supplied at point of sale, report as Kraft Paper Bags (Point of Sale). Exclude Kraft paper bags such as lunch bags, garden and leaf bags purchased as products.</p>
Kraft Paper - Non-Laminated		<p>Definition: Non-laminated Kraft paper packaging.</p> <p>Examples: Flour, sugar, potatoes or oatmeal. Non-laminated Kraft paper used for mailing packages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Report laminated Kraft bags not supplied at point of sale as Paper Laminates, or if supplied at point of sale, as Kraft Paper Bags (Point of Sale). Exclude Kraft paper bags such as lunch bags, garden and leaf bags purchased as products.</p>

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Corrugated Cardboard	✓	<p>Definition: Multi-layered paper board and fibre which may have one or more layers of corrugation.</p> <p>Examples: Electronic product boxes such as television and computer boxes, pizza boxes, boxes used for direct mail to residential consumers.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Exclude Corrugated Cardboard that will not enter the residential waste stream including cardboard that will be used exclusively as transportation and distribution packaging from place of manufacturing to place of distribution. Non-corrugated paperboard and fibre board containers should be reported under Boxboard and Other Paper Packaging.</p>
Boxboard and Other Paper Packaging	✓	<p>Definition: Single layered paperboard and fibre board with no corrugation and all types of moulded pulp packaging. Any paper packaging not included in any other paper sub-categories. Fibre-board containers made from other non-wood sources for example bamboo, bagasse, eucalyptus.</p> <p>Examples: Paper board such as cereal, tissue and shoe boxes, moulded pulp paper packaging such as egg cartons, fibre pots and formed coffee take-out trays, stiff paperboard used to mount plastic blister packs (e.g., for toys and batteries), the roll inside of toilet paper, paper towel, tin foil and plastic wrap, tissue paper used as paper packaging for stuffing packaging, newsprint used as packaging material in shoe boxes and shipping boxes used for direct mail to residential customers and clothing hang tags.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Exclude toilet paper and paper towels purchased as products. Stewards should report the stiff paperboard used to mount plastic blister packs under Boxboard and Other Paper Packaging if easily separable by consumer at time of disposal.</p>

Plastic Packaging

Material-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
PET Bottles and Jars < 5 Litres - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	 For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Transparent and/ or coloured #1 PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) bottles and jars used for infant formula, meal replacements and dietary supplements. containing less than 5 litres, displaying the resin code #1.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages in PET bottles.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
PET Bottles and Jars < 5 Litres - Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: Transparent and/or coloured #1 PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) bottles and jars, containing less than 5 litres of non-beverage product, displaying the #1 resin code.</p> <p>Examples: Salad dressing bottles, peanut butter containers, edible oil bottles, dish soap or mouthwash bottles.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Stewards may apply the component threshold and report the weight of the label under PET Bottles & Jars < 5 Litres – Non-Beverage. Report any PET container that is not a bottle or jar as Other Plastic Packaging. PET Thermoform containers should be reported as PET Thermoform Containers <5 Litres – Non-Beverage</p>
PET Bottles and Jars ≥ 5 Litres - Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: Transparent and/or coloured #1 PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) bottles and jars containing 5 litres or more of non-beverage, displaying the #1 resin code.</p> <p>Examples: Salad dressing bottles, edible oil bottles.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Stewards may apply the component threshold and report the weight of the label under PET bottles and Jars > 5 Litres – Non-Beverage. Report any PET container that is not a bottle or jar as Other Plastic Packaging. PET Thermoform containers should be reported as PET Thermoform Containers > 5 Litres – Non-Beverage.</p>
HDPE Bottles, Jars and Jugs < 5 Litres Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	 For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: #2 HDPE (High Density Polyethylene) bottles, jars and jugs used for infant formula, meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages containing less than 5 litres, displaying the resin code #2.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
HDPE Bottles, Jars and Jugs < 5 Litres Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: #2 HDPE (High Density Polyethylene) bottles, jars and jugs containing less than 5 litres of a non-beverage product, displaying the resin code #2.</p> <p>Examples: Laundry detergent, shampoo, bleach, vinegar, corn syrup, body wash, household cleaning products,</p> <p>Reporting Tip: Do not report any packaging that is a designated material or category of packaging covered under separate regulation for example empty oil and antifreeze containers which are regulated separately in Saskatchewan. Any HDPE packaging that is not a bottle, jar or jug should be reported as Other Plastic Packaging</p>
HDPE Bottles, Jars and Jugs ≥ 5 Litres Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: #2 HDPE (High Density Polyethylene) bottles, jars and jugs containing 5 litres or more of non-beverage displaying the resin code #2.</p> <p>Examples: Laundry detergent, bleach, cleaning supplies.</p> <p>Reporting Tip: Do not report any packaging that is a designated material or category of packaging covered under separate regulation for example empty oil and antifreeze containers which are regulated separately in Saskatchewan.</p>

Material-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Plastic Laminates - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	✔	<p>Definition: Laminated film and laminated flexible plastic packaging comprised of multiple plastic resin types and/or combinations of plastic resins and metalized foils, wax, and/or paper. This material category also includes mono-material such as those made of PET, PP, PVC, EVA and other films that do not meet the definition of LDPE/ HDPE Film or PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic film.</p> <p>Examples: Drink pouches containing milk, flavoured milk, ready-to-drink meal replacement or dietary supplement beverages, and infant formula</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Because Multi-laminate foil beverage pouches are not accepted in the SK deposit program, all beverages in multi-laminate foil pouches must be reported to MMSW. Stewards should not report the actual straw on a milk pouch as it serves no packaging function.</p>
Plastic Laminates - Beverage - Wine and Spirits	✔	<p>Definition: Laminated film and laminated flexible plastic packaging used for alcoholic beverages comprised of multiple plastic resin types and/or combinations of plastic resins and metalized foils, wax, and/or paper. This material category also includes mono-material such as those made of PET, PP, PVC, EVA and other films that do not meet the definition of LDPE/ HDPE Film or PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic film.</p> <p>Examples: Wine, spirits, coolers, cider pouches.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Because Multi-laminate foil beverage pouches are not accepted in the SK deposit program, all beverages in multi-laminate foil pouches must be reported to MMSW</p>
Plastic Laminates - Non-Beverage	✔	<p>Definition: All laminated film and laminated flexible plastic packaging comprised of multiple plastic resin types and/or combinations of plastic resins and metalized foils, wax, and/or paper. This material category also includes mono-material such as those made of PET, PP, PVC, EVA and other films that do not meet the definition of LDPE/HDPE Film or PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic film.</p> <p>Examples: May include candy wrappers, coffee pouches, chip bags, cheese wraps, cereal liner bags, shrink wrap, pre-packaged deli meat pouches, yogurt stick packs, vacuum packaging, bubble wrap, stand up pouches, woven or non-woven plastic bags intended for more than one use when provided as service packaging, net bags used for citrus fruits, nuts or cosmetic samples.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Report any complimentary synthetic plastic bags intended for more than one use that are supplied to the residential consumer. Do not report purchased bags intended for more than one use and not supplied to the residential consumer as service packaging. Report plastic films that are not: LDPE/ HDPE Film; or PLA, PHA, PHB – Plastic Film, including those used around newspapers or catalogues for protection.</p>

Plastic Packaging

All plastic packaging that is used for the containment, protection, handling, delivery and presentation of goods supplied to residential consumers.

Material-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips
PET Thermoform Containers < 5 Litres - Non-Beverage	✓	<p>Definition: PET Thermoform clear, light green and light blue containers (clamshells) with a volume of less than 5 litres.</p> <p>Examples: Muffin or cake containers, salad containers, egg containers, trays</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Any other colours not listed above should be reported as Other Plastic Packaging < 5 Litres – Non-Beverage. Report all PET thermoform beverage cups used as service packaging in this subcategory.</p>
PLA, PHA, PHB - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	✓ For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Plastic bottles consisting of bio-plastics made of either PLA (Polylactic acid), PHA (Polyhydroxyalkanoates) and PHB (Poly-3-hydroxybutyrate) polymers used for infant formula, meal replacement and dietary supplement ready-to-drink beverages.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement or dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report. .</p>
PLA, PHA, PHB - Non-Beverage	✓	<p>Definition: Plastic containers consisting of bio-plastics made of either PLA (Polylactic acid), PHA (Polyhydroxyalkanoates) and PHB (Poly-3-hydroxybutyrate) polymers.</p> <p>Examples: PLA clamshell containers, PLA egg containers.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Report any PLA, PHA or PHB beverage cups used as service packaging in this sub-category.</p>
PLA, PHA, PHB - Plastic Film	✓	<p>Definition: Plastic film consisting of bio-plastics made of either PLA (Polylactic acid), PHA (Polyhydroxyalkanoates) and/or PHB (Poly-3-hydroxybutyrate) polymers.</p> <p>Examples: PLA shrink wrap around products, PLA bags for vegetables and salad, PLA film used around newspapers and magazines and catalogues for protection.</p>
PLA, PHA, PHB Carry-Out bags	✓	<p>Definition: Plastic carry out bags consisting of bio-plastics made of either PLA (Polylactic acid), PHA (Polyhydroxyalkanoates) and/or PHB (Poly-3-hydroxybutyrate) polymers.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Only report carry-out bags made of either PLA, PHA or PHB.</p>
LDPE/HDPE Film	✓	<p>Definition: Includes plastic film made from LDPE, LLDPE, HDPE (Low Density, Linear Low Density, High Density Polyethylene) or combinations thereof. May display resin code #4 or #2. PE films reported under this category must not contain any barrier layers or other non-PE resins.</p> <p>Examples: May include certain fresh and frozen vegetable bags, diaper packaging, bread bags, shrink wrap around products (e.g., around a tray of 24 water bottles), dry cleaner bags, soil and fertilizer bags, produce and bulk store bags provided to the residential consumer as service packaging, film used around newspapers, magazines and catalogues for protection.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Do not report film used exclusively as transportation and distribution packaging that is not intended for use in the home and therefore will not be managed in the residential waste stream.</p> <p>Film that is comprised of resins other than PE or combinations of PE and other resins should be reported in the Plastic Laminates – Non-Beverage Category.</p>
LDPE/HDPE Film Carry-Out Bags	✓	<p>Definition: LDPE/HDPE (Low Density/High Density Polyethylene) film carry-out bags only provided at point of sale. May display resin code #2 or #4.</p> <p>Examples: Plastic shopping bags with or without images or text.</p>
Expanded Polystyrene - Food Packaging	✓	<p>Definition: All forms of expanded foam packaging used in food applications and may display resin code #6.</p> <p>Examples: Meat trays, beverage cups used as service packaging.</p>

Material-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips
Expanded Polystyrene – Other	✓	<p>Definition: Other forms of expanded polystyrene foam packaging for non-food uses. May display resin code #6.</p> <p>Examples: Foam packing peanuts, cushion packaging for electronics and appliances.</p>
Non-Expanded Polystyrene - Beverage Bottles - Milk and Milk Substitutes	✓	<p>Definition: Non-expanded polystyrene packaging used for milk and may display resin code #6.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Please note the following ready-to-drink beverages are not on deposit and should be included in your steward report: infant formula, dietary supplements and meal replacement ready-to-drink beverages.</p>
Non-Expanded Polystyrene – Other	✓	<p>Definition: All other non-expanded polystyrene. May display resin code #6.</p> <p>Examples: Polystyrene clear clamshell containers such as berry and muffin containers, opaque clamshell containers such as food take-out containers, yogurt containers, clear rigid trays, service packing beverage cups and plates.</p>
Other Plastic Packaging (not listed Above) < 5 Litres - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	✓ For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: All forms of rigid plastic packaging, containing less than 5 litres, used for infant formula, meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages that are #1 PET, #2 HDPE, #3 PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride) plastic, #4 LDPE, #5 PP (Polypropylene) and #7 (Other), and other plastics that are not included in any of the other plastic sub-categories. Also includes non-coded plastics. May display resin codes #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #7.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready –to-drink meal replacement or dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
Other Plastic Packaging (not listed Above) < 5 Litres - Non-Beverage	✓	<p>Definition: All forms of rigid plastic packaging not included in any of the other plastic sub-categories that are #1 PET, #2 HDPE, #3 PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride), #4 LDPE, #5 PP (Polypropylene) and #7 (Other). Also includes non-coded plastics. May display resin codes #1 #2 #3 #4 #5 #7.</p> <p>Examples: Hand cream tubes, margarine, sour cream cottage cheese and yogurt tubs and lids, microwaveable food trays, polyethylene foam sheets, inserts and moulds for packing appliances, plastic blister packaging used to display toys, batteries or other products, hand sanitizer bottles and pumps, candy dispensers, plastic egg cartons, plastic hangers when provided to the consumer as service packaging with an item of clothing.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: PET food trays that are <u>not</u> clear, light blue or light green (e.g. black food trays) should be reported in this category. Do not report any packaging that is a designated material or category of packaging covered under separate regulation, for example, empty oil and antifreeze containers which are regulated separately in Saskatchewan. Do not report any polyethylene foam sheets used exclusively as transportation and distribution packaging that is not intended for use or management in the home. Report any beverage cups used as service packaging not reported elsewhere. Report lids for beverage containers that are not on deposit (if not using the Component Threshold Rule) in this material category.</p>
Other Plastic Packaging (not listed Above) ≥ 5 Litres -Non-Beverage	✓	<p>Definition: All forms of rigid plastic packaging, containing 5 litres or more of non-beverage products that are #1 PET, #2 HDPE, #3 PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride) plastic, #4 LDPE, #5 PP (Polypropylene) and #7 (Other), and other plastics that are not included in any of the other plastic sub-categories. Also includes non-coded plastics. May display resin codes #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, #7.</p> <p>Example: Laundry detergent pails.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Do not report any packaging that is a designated material, or category of packaging covered under separate regulations for example empty oil and antifreeze containers which are regulated separately in Saskatchewan.</p>

Steel Packaging

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Steel Aerosol Containers		<p>Definition: All aerosol containers that are more than 50% by weight of steel.</p> <p>Examples: Air freshener, deodorant and hairspray containers, food spray cans, solvent spray cans, pesticide spray cans, wax and polish spray cans, lubricating oil spray cans, insulating foam spray cans.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Do not report any packaging that is a designated material or category of packaging covered by separate regulations.</p>
Steel Paint Cans		<p>Definition: Includes all sizes of paint and coatings cans that are more than 50% by weight of steel or other metal.</p> <p>Examples: Paint and coating cans, sealants, protective coatings.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Do not report any packaging that is a designated material or category of packaging covered by other regulations. Report steel paint cans for automotive paint, marine paint, non-latex concrete sealant and paint for hobby, artistic or cosmetic use.</p>
Other Steel Containers and Packaging - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	 For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Containers that are more than 50% by weight of steel or other metal used for infant formula, meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement or dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
Other Steel Containers and Packaging – Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: All other containers that are more than 50% by weight of steel or other metal and are not included in another steel and other metal packaging sub-category.</p> <p>Examples: Steel food containers such as soup, lids and closures on packaging, wire hangers when provided to the consumer as service packaging with an item of clothing, cookie tins, tea tins.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Exclude any steel containers designated under separate regulation.</p>

Aluminum Packaging

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Aluminum Aerosol Containers	✓	<p>Definition: Includes aluminum aerosol containers that are at least 95% by weight aluminum.</p> <p>Examples: Air freshener spray cans, hairspray cans, food spray cans, deodorant spray cans, mousse spray cans,</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Exclude aerosol containers designated under separate regulation for example aerosol paint cans.</p>
Aluminum Food Containers - Non-Beverage	✓	<p>Definition: Sealed, rigid containers that are at least 95% by weight of aluminum.</p> <p>Examples: Pet food cans, food cans, sardine cans.</p>
Aluminum - Beverage Containers - Milk and Milk Substitutes	✓ For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Sealed rigid containers that are at least 95% by weight of aluminum containing , infant formula, meal replacement or dietary supplement ready-to-drink beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report. .</p>
Other Aluminum Packaging	✓	<p>Definition: Aluminum packaging not included in another aluminum packaging subcategory.</p> <p>Examples: Foil wrap supplied to the residential consumer as service packaging, pie plates, yogurt/sour cream seals, frozen food trays, lids and closures for beverage and non-beverage containers, tea light candle holders.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Exclude foil wrap, pie plates or other aluminum food trays purchased as products.</p>

Glass Packaging

Material List-Subcategory	SK	Definition, Examples & Reporting Tips (Examples provided for illustrative purposes only)
Clear Glass - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes	 For limited beverages in this material category	<p>Definition: Clear glass containers that are 50% or more glass by weight used for infant formula, meal replacement or dietary supplement ready-to-drink beverages.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement or dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
Clear Glass - Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: Clear glass containers that are 50% or more glass by weight used for non-beverage products and not included in any other Clear Glass material sub-category.</p> <p>Examples: Food containers such as pickle, salsa, tomato sauce and jam jars, ketchup bottles, cosmetic containers for creams or lotions</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Excludes containers made of Pyrex, ceramics or crystal</p>
Coloured Glass - Beverage - Milk and Milk Substitutes		<p>Definition: Includes coloured glass containers used for infant formula, meal replacement and dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Examples: Infant formula, ready-to-drink meal replacement or dietary supplement beverages.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: All other milk and milk replacement beverages are on deposit in Saskatchewan and should not be included in your steward report.</p>
Coloured Glass - Non-Beverage		<p>Definition: Coloured glass containers that are 50% or more glass by weight used for non-beverage products and are not included in any other coloured glass packaging sub-category.</p> <p>Examples: Olive oil bottles, balsamic vinegar bottles, cosmetic containers for creams in coloured glass.</p> <p>Reporting Tips: Exclude containers made of Pyrex, ceramics or crystal</p>